# Exploring the Experience of Care Partners

Robin M. Lally, PhD, RN, MS, BA, AOCN, FAAN

Bertha Pankratz Professor of Nursing College of Nursing University of Nebraska Medical Center/Fred & Pamela Buffett Cancer Center robin.lally@unmc.edu

> University of Nebraska Medical Center

Nebraska Medicine

# <section-header><list-item><list-item><list-item>

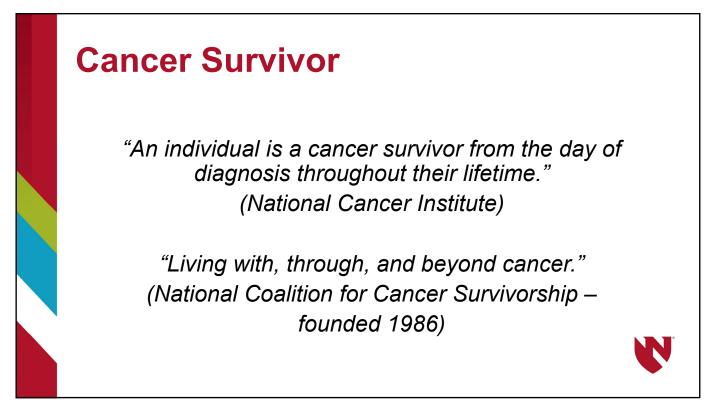
1

## Thank you to the team **Metastatic Breast Cancer Study Team** Gisele Tlusty, MS, RN, PhD University of Nebraska Medical Center College of Nursing Kathryn Lake, MD (candidate) University of South Carolina School of Medicine, Columbia Katy Tanis, BA University of Pennsylvania Julia Jobanputra, BA, MD (student) Creighton University Melanie Cozad, PhD University of Nebraska Medical Center College of Public Health LGBTQ+ Care Partner Study Team Andy Lim, BS, RN, PhD (candidate) UNMC College of Nursing Kyle Hughes, BSN, PhD student **UNMC** College of Nursing Funding for this work: Bertha L. Pankratz Professorship College of Nursing UNMC



# **Presentation Objectives**

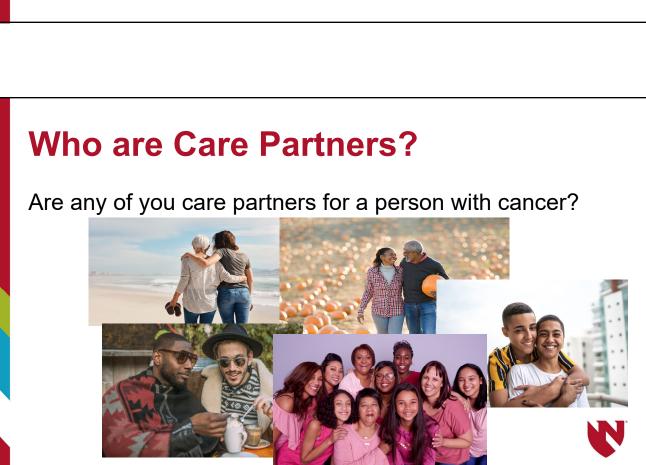
- 1. Identify components of the experience and roles of non-professional care partners for women living with metastatic breast cancer.
- 2. Describe components of the experience and roles of non-professional care partners for sexual/gender diverse individuals living with breast cancer.



# **Survivorship landscape is changing**

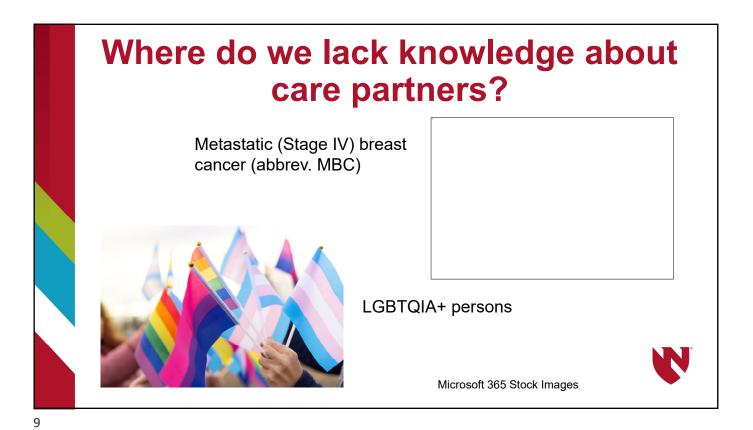
- Currently ~18.1 million cancer survivors in the U.S. and climbing.
- 5-year survival for all cancers combined increased from 49% to 69% (1970s 2019)
- Overall lower survival rate among African American/Black persons due to disadvantage associated with structural racism.
- Survival among Black persons increased from 27% to 63% (1960s – 2017) but cancer <u>survival overall is 68% less than</u> <u>among White people</u>.

(American Cancer Society, 2022)



Microsoft 365 Stock Images

7



# Care partners of sexually/genderdiverse breast cancer survivors



Searched published research literature from 1998 to 2023.



Reviewed 121 research reports & eliminated those that did not study the experiences of care partners of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, etc. persons with breast cancer.



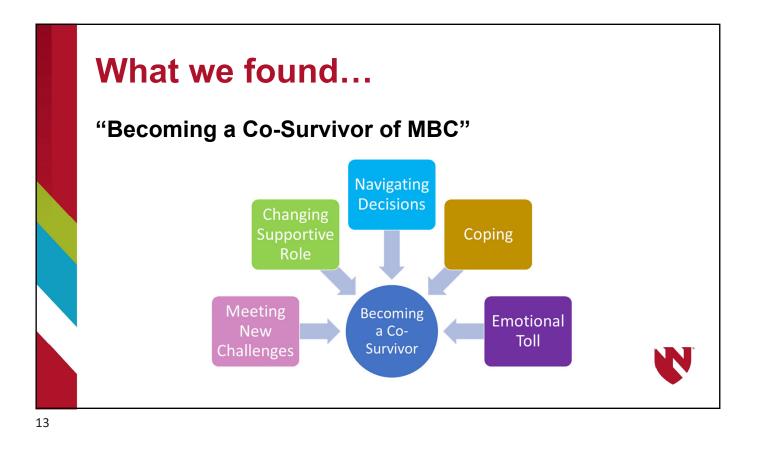
Seven articles reporting data from only 4 research studies met the criteria to be retained. Published 2005 – 2023. No studies researched outcomes of programs for care partners.



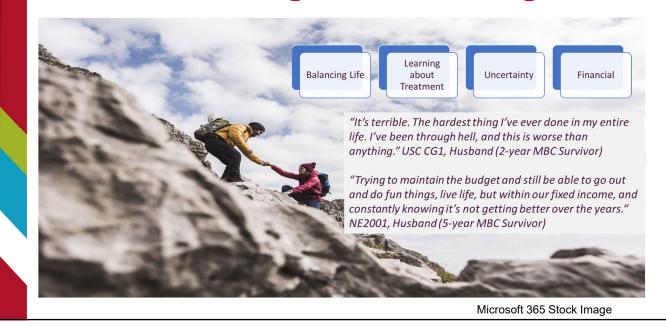
# What did we learn from the published research on these care partners?

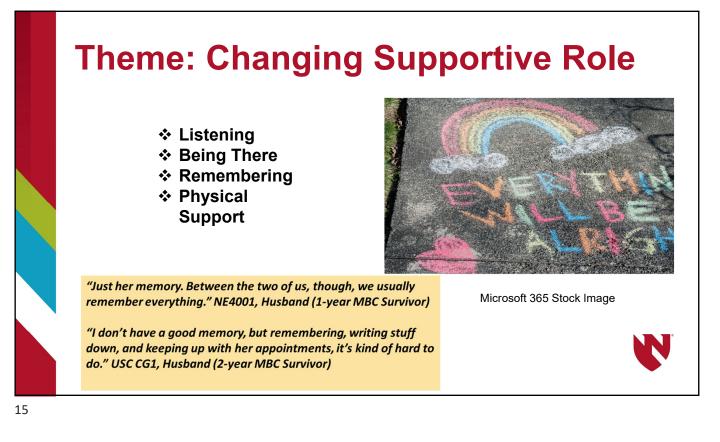


### Learning about Care Partners in MBC 12 care partners Women with MBC recruited through oncologists, 6 husbands flyers, and Facebook. 2 daughters 1 sister Eligible care partners included spouse/partners, family 3 parents members, or friends who identified as primary confidantes/supporters of women living with MBC. Age range: 29 - 79 years Living with MBC < 1 to 5 years (median Semi-structured interviews were conducted via Zoom, phone, or in-person. 2 years) Women and care partners were interviewed together or independently. Qualitative, conventional content analysis of transcribed interviews was conducted independently and then jointly by team members.



# **Theme: Meeting New Challenges**





# **Theme: Navigating Decisions**



Microsoft 365 Stock Image



Healthcare Team Experience

"We would sometimes discuss the questions she wanted to ask beforehand, and when she might not be in a state to be able to ask them, we would step in and say, [to the physician] wait a minute, you're not getting out of the room yet, we've got a few more questions." NE 101, Father (4-year MBC Survivor)





# **Theme: Coping**



"I guess, really the challenge is to try to stay in today and realize that we're both breathing, we're both relatively healthy today...We have to re-center ourselves almost on a daily basis." USC CG 3, Husband (1-year MBC Survivor)

Microsoft 365 Stock Image

